

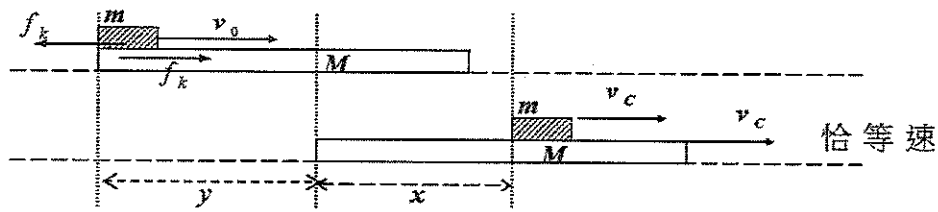
# 高二物理

A 卷 簡答：

CAEBA BDBAC BDCBC

AE DE BD DE AD

21.



(1) 動量守恆  $v_c = \frac{mv}{M+m} = \frac{v}{5}$

(2) (3) (4) (5)

功能定理

$$\begin{cases} m: W_f(m) = -f_k \cdot (x+y) = \frac{1}{2}mv_c^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \\ M: W_f(M) = +f_k \cdot y = \frac{1}{2}Mv_c^2 - 0 \end{cases}$$

摩擦力對木塊作功

$$W_f(m) = -f_k \cdot (x+y) = \frac{1}{2}mv_c^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{1}{2}m \times \left( \frac{mv}{M+m} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \frac{-M^2m - 2Mm^2}{2(M+m)^2} v^2 = -\frac{12}{25}mv^2$$

摩擦力對木板作功

$$W_f(M) = +f_k \cdot y = \frac{1}{2}Mv_c^2 - 0 = \frac{1}{2}M \times \left( \frac{mv}{M+m} \right)^2 = \frac{Mm^2}{2(M+m)^2} v^2 = \frac{2}{25}mv^2$$

$$\therefore W_f(m) + W_f(M) = -f_k x = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{Mm}{m+M} v^2 \quad \therefore x = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \frac{Mm}{m+M} v^2}{f_k} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \frac{Mm}{m+M} v^2}{\mu mg} = \frac{v^2}{2\mu g} \frac{M}{m+M} = \frac{2v^2}{5\mu g}$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{\frac{1}{2}Mv_c^2}{f_k} = \frac{\frac{Mm^2}{2(M+m)^2} v^2}{\mu mg} = \frac{v^2}{2\mu g} \frac{Mm}{(M+m)^2} = \frac{2v^2}{25\mu g}$$

Ans: (1)  $\frac{v}{5}$  (2)  $-\frac{12}{25}mv^2$  (3)  $\frac{2}{25}mv^2$  (4)  $\frac{2v^2}{5\mu g}$  (5)  $\frac{2v^2}{25\mu g}$